

# The Daily State Chronicle.

VOL. VII.—NO. 102.

RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1890.

PRICE 5 CENTS.

## THE INFAMY PERPETRATED

### THE FEDERAL ELECTION LAW PASSED THE HOUSE BY 155 TO 148.

If the Senate is agreeable, the South will be again subject to a new Reconstruction—By the Eternal the South will not ever again submit to Negro Domination!

[By United Press.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2.—Federal Election bill passed at 3:15 by a vote of 155 to 148.

The House met promptly at 11 o'clock to-day and renewed the consideration of the Federal Election bill. The pending question being on the amendment offered by Mr. Tucker, of Virginia, requiring the judge of the circuit court (associated with the judge of the district) to pass upon applications for supervisors of election.

The amendment was rejected.

Mr. Russell, of Illinois, offered an amendment making it the duty of the circuit judges in each circuit, within one month after the passage of this act, to open a special term of the circuit court in their respective circuits, said judge to appoint for each judicial district three discreet persons of good standing, to be known as the United States Juror Commissioners.

The duty of these commissioners is to be to organize as a board, and from time to time make, from the qualified voters, a list of persons who, under the laws of the United States and the State, shall be eligible for jury duty without respect to race or color.

The amendment also provided that hereafter all panels for jurors shall be drawn by the board in the presence of a district and circuit judge.

**The Juries to be Packed.**

Mr. Springer, of Illinois, opposed the amendment declaring that its purpose was to pack the juries of the country with Republican partisans. It was the culmination of the outrage which was contemplated by the bill.

Mr. Russell's amendment was agreed to on a vote by tellers—yeas, 146; nays, 143.

Considerable confusion followed the announcement of the vote.

Mr. Outwaite, of Ohio, said the yeas and nays had been demanded.

The Speaker said the demand was too late. The Democrats all arose to their feet at the request of Mr. Outwaite, to demand the yeas and nays and the Speaker said that if there was no objection the yeas and nays would be ordered. The yeas and nays were called, and the amendment was adopted—yeas 150; nays 144.

**The Army and Navy to be Called Out.**

Mr. Hemphill, of S. C., offered an amendment to section 32 of the bill to insert the words, "except section 1989 of the revised statutes of the United States." He explained that that section of the bill empowered the supervisors to use the army and navy at the polls and the purpose of his amendment was to eliminate that provision.

Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, denied that the bill had any such effect.

Mr. Outwaite, of Ohio, maintained that Mr. Hemphill had properly construed the section. He was in favor of the President exercising such authority, but objected to its exercise by some hiring Republican politician.

Mr. Mount, of Georgia, said that the bill provided for the appointment of partisan supervisors and surrounded those supervisors with United States soldiers at their back and call.

Mr. Russell said the adoption of the amendment would leave the court without power to enforce its judgment.

**Mr. Allen Gets in His Fun.**

Mr. Allen, of Mississippi, said that the House had ceased to be a deliberative body, and it made him so mad that he was almost willing to go to the other end of the Capitol, if the Speaker did not abolish the Senate in accordance with his programme.

Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, said the amendment would take from the president the power he had to enforce processes.

Speaking in reference to its cost, he said the cost would be in proportion to its necessity.

**The Republicans Compared to Sampson.**

Mr. McMillan, of Tennessee, criticized Mr. McKinley's silence until this late hour in the debate. The Republicans might, like madmen, grasp the pillars of the constitution and pull down the edifice, but like Sampson they would perish in the wreck.

Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, made an eloquent appeal in favor of the bill.

Mr. Lapollette, of Wisconsin, said that the people of the North had been patient for a generation with the people of the South and could bear it no longer.

Two o'clock having arrived, the Speaker declared the previous question ordered on the bill and amendments.

Mr. Springer moved to lay the bill on the table. Lost. Yeas 148, nays 156.

The only Republicans who voted to lay on the table were Coleman, of Louisiana, and Lehlbach, of New York.

Mr. Ewart, of North Carolina, was paired with Mr. Simonds, of Connecticut.

The vote was then taken on Mr. Hemphill's amendment relative to the use of troops at the polls, and it was rejected—yeas 145, nays 156.

Mr. Springer moved to lay the bill on the table, stating that his former motion was to table the bill and pending amendment. The speaker ruled the motion out of order.

Mr. Springer appealed, and the appeal was laid on the table—yeas 158, nays 146.

Mr. Springer, having voted in the affirmative, moved to reconsider.

Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, made the point of order that this was a dilatory motion, a point which was sustained by the Speaker.

Mr. Springer appealed, but the Speaker declined to entertain the appeal.

Mr. Springer protested that this was the first time in the history of the government that a motion to reconsider was

not recognized but his voice was drowned in calls for the regular order from the Republican side.

Mr. Springer moved to adjourn. Lost—yeas 147; nays 157.

The bill was ordered engrossed and read a third time, by a vote of yeas 155; nays 148.

Mr. Hemphill, of South Carolina, moved to reconsider the bill. Lost—yeas 148; nays 156.

Mr. Coleman and Mr. Lehlbach voted with the Democrats in the affirmative.

Mr. Springer, (having voted in the negative) moved a reconsideration.

This motion to reconsider was tabled—yeas 156, nays 149.

Mr. Outwaite moved an adjournment, which motion the speaker ruled out as dilatory.

Mr. Springer demanded the reading of the engrossed bill. But the Speaker was prepared for this demand, the bill having been engrossed in advance, and a burst of applause came from the Republican side when the clerk began the reading.

At 8:20 the reading of the engrossed copy of the bill was concluded, two hours and five minutes having been consumed thereby.

The question was then put on the passage of the bill, the vote resulting—yeas 155, nays 149.

**Senate.**

WASHINGTON, July 2.—(Senate)—The Senate to-day after transacting the regular routine of business proceeded to the consideration of the two Senate bills to place the American merchant marine engaged in trade upon an equality with that of other nations; and to provide for ocean mail service between the United States and other ports and to promote commerce.

The bills were explained by Mr. Frye, and discussed until 5:10 p. m., when the Senate adjourned without action upon them.

## CAPE HATTERAS LIGHT.

### It Is to Cost More Money Than Any One Ever Built in America.

[By United Press.]

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Bids were opened at the office of the light house board, Treasury Department, to-day for the erection of a light house on the outer diamond shoal, off Cape Hatteras on the North Carolina coast. There were several bidders but as the work is one of the most important, coming under the purview of the light house board, the contracts are not expected to be awarded for some time. The cost of the structure is limited to \$1,500,000—the largest sum of money ever expended by the government for a light house.

## EXCITEMENT AND ALARM.

### The Sheriff of McDowell County Fired Upon and the Prisoner Killed.

[Special to the STATE CHRONICLE.]

MARION, N. C., June 1.—Warren Mitchell and Sheriff Pritchard in attempting to arrest Avery Parker at Bakersville Sunday evening, were fired upon and badly wounded in the hand. Marshall Hamrick was shot in the side dangerously. Robt. Young was shot in the arm. Parker was killed. Great excitement and alarm prevails.

## Reduction of Public Debt.

[By United Press.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2.—The reduction in the public debt during June, as shown by the monthly statement issued from the treasury department to-day, was \$20,685,756; and for the fiscal year which closed yesterday, \$88,471,448. The total debt to-day at the beginning of the new fiscal year is \$9,883,175,173, and of this amount \$789,938,622 is interest bearing debt.

## Convicted of Perjury.

[By United Press.]

TOLEDO, O., July 2.—Edgar H. H. Van Hoesen, ex-cashier of the Toledo National Bank who was convicted on June 20th of perjury in connection with a shortage of about \$75,000 was this morning sentenced by Judge Ricks in the District U. S. Court to five years imprisonment at hard labor in the Ohio State penitentiary.

## Bad Use to Put a Tramp To.

[By United Press.]

VIENNA, July 2.—At Trentschner, in Hungary, the owners of a bear greous have been arrested charged with having murdered a tramp and fed the body to the animals.

## Pennsylvania Democratic Convention.

[By United Press.]

SCRANTON, Pa., July 2.—The Democratic State Convention met here to-day, adopted its platform and nominated Platt for Governor and Chauncey Black for Lieutenant-Governor. Both were nominated on the first ballot.

## W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

**Sanitary Floor Coverings.**

China matting were brought out this season in more uncommon patterns than ever before. Our stock shows all the newest designs and at prices that no one complains of. We sell what we claim to be a real good matting from 25 cents per yard up. Still we have slightly matting for less than 25 cents. Our prices start at \$4.00 per roll.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

## Weather Report.

Raleigh yesterday: Maximum temperature 88; minimum temperature 72; rainfall .82 inches.

Local forecast for Raleigh and vicinity for to-day: Cloudy, threatening weather, with light showers, followed to-night and to-morrow by clearing weather; stationary temperature.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Forecast for Virginia and North Carolina, showers, northwesterly winds, stationary temperature, except on the coast, higher temperature.

## THE S. C. CAMPAIGN.

### GREAT EXCITEMENT YESTERDAY AT THE SPEAKING.

Pistols in Pockets—Ladies Hurried Away—One Hundred Pistols in Sight at One Moment.

[By United Press.]

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 2.—At no meeting of the present State campaign has such bad blood been displayed as yesterday at Winnaborough, the home of Gen. Bratten, one of the candidates.

Gen. Bratten was accorded a respectful silence from the crowd who listened to him. Gen. Earle's speech was interrupted by yells and cries of "sit down" and "let the man speak," "you can't change us we are going to put Tillman in," "run him out, boys."

When Capt. Tillman arose it was fully five minutes before he could speak, so great was the applause on one side and the hissing on the other. After speaking a short while he said something that again put the crowd to yelling, and all efforts to silence them were in vain. Some one told him to sit down. This produced the wildest excitement. A score of Tillman's followers rushed on the stand and lifted Tillman from his seat, into which he had dropped, and carried him to the edge of the platform.

They swore he should speak. At this point the attention of the audience was called to the fact that twenty of Mr. Tillman's supporters on the stand had their hands on their pistols. At this announcement there was the greatest confusion. The ladies fled from the meeting and an eye witness reports a hundred pistols in sight at the same moment. A terrible rush was momentarily expected and a single shot or blow would have brought it on. The tension was very great until the end of the most heated meeting of the campaign.

## THE ALLIANCE MAN

Will Have It All His Own Way For Governor.

[By United Press.]

ATLANTA, Ga., July 2.—Col. Hardman makes formal announcement of his withdrawal from the Governorship race. This leaves the field clear to Colonel Northern who will, from present indications, have everything his own way.

## A HILL GUN.

Indiana Democrats Talk Him up for President.

[By United Press.]

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 2.—Among Democrats here there is a feeling that the first gun of the campaign for the Democratic presidential nomination in 1892 was fired by Governor Hill in his speech to the Hendricks club last night. The most prominent men in the party who are here to-day say there is no reason why Hill should not be in the presidential race, that he has proved himself popular, and there is no question about capacity or his acceptability with the party in New York.

## CHEATHAM'S PRICE.

The Blair Bill Reported Favorably, and Cheatham Voted for the Federal Election Law.

[By United Press.]

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Mr. O'Donnell, of Michigan, chairman of the House committee on education, to-day submitted to the House a report recommending the passage of the bill introduced in the House by Mr. Cheatham, of North Carolina, to aid in the establishment and temporary support of common schools, better known as the "Blair Educational bill."

## TEACHER AND PUPILS.

Two Pupils Attack the Teacher and Kill Him—One of the Boys Killed.

[By United Press.]

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., July 2.—A report has reached here to the effect that two brothers named Wilson, living in Logan county, quarreled a few days ago with their teacher, named Clark. Pistols were used and Clark and the elder Wilson fell fatally wounded. The younger Wilson was badly hurt.

## A Wholesale Murder.

EUFULA, Ala., July 2.—News has reached here of a tragedy near Gordon, in Henry county. Henry L. Wofford got into a dispute Friday with a laborer in his father's brick yard and shot the man dead. He then shot and killed the dead man's wife, and fired at her son who was approaching but did not hit him.

## Poaching Vessels May Look Out.

[By United Press.]

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., July 2.—The Rush and Corwin are ready to sail for Behring Sea. They have orders to proceed at once to Ounalaska and then to patrol Behring Sea and seize all vessels found in the sea with seal skins aboard or any other prima facie evidence that the vessels had been poaching.

## Standard Oil People Suffer.

[By United Press.]

NEW ORLEANS, July 2.—Two warehouses, owned by the Standard Oil Company occupying a considerable space in the rear of the city, were burned yesterday. The total loss is placed at \$100,000.

## Assignment in Salisbury.

[By United Press.]

CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 2.—W. L. Young, grocer, of Salisbury, made an assignment to-day to Theo. F. Klutz. Liabilities about two thousand dollars, and nominal assets about the same.

## WILSON COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Harmonious Session Nominates Candidates For the Offices—Vance Endorsed For the Senate.

[Special to STATE CHRONICLE.]

WILSON, N. C., July 2.—The Democratic County Convention was held here yesterday to ratify the result of the primary election held Saturday and to elect delegates to the State, Congressional and Judicial conventions. The result of the primaries were as follows:

For the Senate—H. F. Freeman.  
For the House—Nathan Bass.  
For Clerk Superior Court—A. B. Deans.

For Sheriff—J. W. Crowell.  
For Treasurer—W. T. Farmer.  
For Register of Deeds—S. M. Warren, Sr.

For Coroner—Dr. J. K. Ruffin.  
For Surveyor—J. W. Taylor.

Resolutions were passed instructing the delegates to vote for John E. Woodard, Esq., for Solicitor of the Third district.

A resolution was also passed unanimously instructing the Senator and Representative from this county to vote for Senator Vance and to use all honorable means in their power to secure his reelection to the U. S. Senate. At the mention of Vance's name the convention went wild with enthusiasm and cheered itself hoarse. W. S. Barnes, ex-editor of an Alliance paper in this county, opposed instruction for Vance, but it raised such a storm he was glad to withdraw his objections.

## The Legislative Candidates.

Commenting on the nominees for the Legislature, the Wilson Mirror says:

Dr. H. F. Freeman of Old Fields, the nominee for the Senate on the part of Wilson, is an intelligent farmer and physician. Having adopted Wilson county and that part of Wilson taken from Nash county as his home, he at once went to work for the betterment of the section of the county in which he located, and by his vim and push he has succeeded in doing so in many respects, and won for himself throughout the county a reputation as a good physician and a good farmer. He is specially suitable for Senator from the seventh senatorial district. A native of Franklin county, and son by adoption of Wilson, he can indeed be a representative, and will co-operate with the Senator chosen from Franklin understandingly on all matters affecting the special needs of the counties they represent. Nathan Bass the nominee for the House, having served the people in the last Legislature in the same capacity, is by renomination endorsed and will as before make an acceptable representative for the people. He has but little to say, but is always at his post, ready and willing to do what he can for the interest of his county. He is a farmer and will be, of course, watchful of their interest and against the machinations of monopolists.

## IT WAS ABOUT THE COOK

That the Trouble Came in the Navy as well as in North Carolina "Once Upon a Time."

[By United Press.]

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Secretary of the Navy this afternoon appointed Admiral Harmony Greer, Capt. Weaver and Lieut. Lemly Judge Advocate, members of a court of inquiry, to convene next Monday at Hampton Roads, to investigate the charges preferred against Capt. Reed, of the U. S. S. flagship Richmond, by Acting Rear Admiral Gillis. The vessel has just arrived at Roads from Montevideo, where she was the flagship of the South Atlantic Squadron in command of Lieutenant-Commander Louis Kingsley. Capt. Reed having been temporarily deposed for "insubordination." The officials at the Navy department, while refusing to divulge the official charges which the court will investigate, take a humorous view of the question and evade all interrogations by a quiet smile which has lately developed into a broad and pronounced grin when even the subject is mentioned. It is learned however, that the trouble between Admiral Gillis and Capt. Reed is of a personal nature and primarily involves the question whether or not Capt. Reed exceeded his authority when several months ago on the South Atlantic station he discharged a cook whose ability to serve epicurean dishes was questioned by the Captain.

## "THEY ALL WANT SUGAR IN THEIRS."

The Molasses Men Ask a Bounty so They Can Have a Sweet Time.

[By United Press.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2.—A delegation of gentlemen representing the molasses industry in the United States appeared before the Senate committee on finance to-day and addressed the committee in favor of giving the molasses boilers of the United States a bounty on their production.

## TO COST \$1,000,000.

We Will Have a Navy Worthy the Name After While.

[By United Press.]

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Navy Department to-day invited proposals to build three battle ships of 8,500 tons, to cost each, exclusive of armament, four million dollars. The department in advertising for these vessels to be built by contract invites proposals under two classes.

## W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

This has been a phenomenal season in Black Lace Flouncings, and Black Drapery Nets.

Consequently there are some more short lengths than usual. These have been measured, prices marked in plain figures, and placed near the Fayetteville St. entrance.

No one will say they are not cheap, after seeing how we have them priced.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

## AT MOREHEAD.

### THE MEETING OF THE SOUTHERN EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

Seven States Represented—The Work of the First Day—Something About the Hotel—The Soldiers' Home and the Ladies—Notes &c.

ATLANTIC HOTEL, MOREHEAD CITY, July 1st.

To-day was the time set for the meeting of educational representatives from the Southern States for the purpose of organizing the Southern Educational Association.

The programme announced that the formal beginning of the session would be at 8:30 p. m.; but at 11 a. m. to-day there was a preliminary meeting in assembly hall for the purpose of getting ready for immediate work.

At this meeting it was found that seven States were represented, viz: Arkansas, Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi, Virginia, Kentucky and North Carolina.

A temporary organization was the first order of business. Prof. D. H. Hill, of Raleigh, nominated Prof. J. H. Shinn, of Little Rock, as temporary chairman, and he was unanimously elected. He was cordially applauded as he proceeded to the chair.

Maj. E. G. Harrell, of Raleigh, was, on motion of Capt. C. B. Denson, elected secretary pro tem.

Prof. E. E. Britton moved the appointment of a committee of eight, to report at the evening session, upon platform, organization, and a constitution for the government of the association.

Pending the appointment of this committee, Hon. T. J. Jarvis was called on for a talk. He responded in a brief speech full of noble and patriotic sentiments. He desired to see proper text books prepared for the children of the schools—such as should tell the truth about the South and the whole country. It seemed impossible for a New England author, however competent he might be, to do this, and thus our children were being taught things wholly foreign to the South, to Southern society and to Southern institutions.

Hon. S. M. Finger said he endorsed every word of the noble utterances of Gov. Jarvis. He approved of the plan of a strong association of teachers in every individual State, and also of a great organization of the teachers of all the Southern States for the general good of the whole. He spoke strongly and eloquently of the needs of a series of school books, by Southern authors, who were in sympathy with our people and our efforts to educate the children of our land.

The chair appointed the following committee on permanent organization, viz: D. H. Hill, Jr., Raleigh; E. E. Britton, Mt. Olive; C. B. Denson, Raleigh; E. C. Branson, Athens, Ga.; Miss Dula Moise, Sumpter, S. C.; Mrs. M. F. Knight, Alma, Ala.; Mrs. Fletcher, Little Rock, Ark.; and the committee was requested to report at the evening meeting.

## Evening Session.

The association reassembled at nine o'clock, when Gov. Fowle delivered the address of welcome. I have heard the Governor make many speeches under many circumstances, and so have a great many other people of this State; and all who have heard him even once know that they are on the eve of hearing something richly worth hearing. I never heard His Excellency make a more burning and eloquent talk than he made last night. Among other things he plead for the introduction, into our schools, of such text books and histories as did not suggest abuse and vituperation of Southern men and Southern character. He hoped that this was a matter which the Southern Educational Association would look after and correct. The Governor, of course, gave a cheery and cordial welcome to the visitors, and closed by saying that he hoped, that after they had enjoyed the health giving breezes of Morehead; after they had enjoyed the superb fishing and sailing; after they had been splashed and bathed by the grand ocean waves which broke off the shores of North Carolina, they would feel that they would like to hold another meeting of their association in North Carolina's "summer capital by the sea."

Bright and brilliant three minute responses were made to the Governor's address of welcome by Hon. Jno. E. Massey, State Superintendent of Public Instruction of Virginia; Mr. Walter W. Brown, of South Carolina; Maj. S. M. Finger, State Superintendent of Public Instruction of North Carolina. Maj. Finger declared that he wanted it to go forth to the world, that the organization of this association meant no antagonism to anybody or to any organization; but that its main purpose was to try to deal with the peculiar necessities of education in the South, believing that we could manage these things better than anybody else. He said that he had noticed in many text-books that there was no reference to important historical events that had occurred in North Carolina; and that just so long as he could control the matter, not a single one of those books should be on North Carolina's public school book list.

A very interesting response was also made by Hon. J. H. Shinn, of Arkansas. Report of the Committee on Organization.

Prof. D. H. Hill from the committee on organization offered the following report:

For president of the association, Hon. J. H. Shinn, of Arkansas; for secretary, Maj. E. G. Harrell, of North Carolina. Mr. Hill also reported for the committee the following constitution:

Article I. This body shall be known as the Southern Educational Association.

Art. II. The object of this association shall be to promote the cause of education in the South.

Art. III. The membership of this body shall consist of two classes: active

and honorary. The active members shall consist solely of teachers and friends of education engaged actively in promoting the cause of education in the South. Honorary members may be elected from any part of the Union, and shall have all the privileges of active members except that of holding office and voting.

Art. IV. The officers shall consist of a president and a vice-president from each Southern State. The president of each Teachers' association shall be a vice-president of this association.

Art. V. All officers, except the vice-president, shall be elected annually by the association.

The constitution also provides that the annual membership fees shall be two dollars.

This report was made the special order for to-morrow (Wednesday) at 10:30 o'clock a. m.

## Enrollment.

The enrollment of the association shows that there are already over two hundred members.

## Notes.

Mr. Ed. Chambers Smith is here enjoying the breezes. While in this section he will look after some important business for the State board of internal improvements, of which he is a member.

One of the most pleasant events of the season was a moonlight sail given last night by Mr. Clifford Cohen, of Enfield, complimentary to Miss Nellie Murray, of Raleigh. There were about twenty members in the party and it was a brilliant and merry one. The moon was in her happiest and brightest hours and her rays were never softer or more soothing. The zephyrs never found the brow more gentle and lovingly, and these delightful conditions were enhanced by the trumming of guitars, and the sounds of rich, sweet voices floating and rippling in melody over the shimmering waters. The pleasant excursion included a watermelon feast on the government wharf at Fort Macon.

Prof. C. W. Whiting's excellent string band arrived here to-night and will provide the music for the remainder of the season.

## Soldiers' Home Association.

The ladies at the Atlantic Hotel are growing enthusiastic over the matter of adding the Soldiers' Home. To-day they organized an association which is to be known as the "Jarvis Branch of the Soldiers' Home Aid Association." Mrs. Gov. Jarvis was elected president; Mrs. Col. Thos. S. Kenan, secretary and Mrs. E. E. Moffitt, treasurer. The association is to be continued through the summer, and when one president leaves the hotel, she is to appoint a successor, from among those who may be remaining for some time, and thus to keep up the organization. Weekly entertainments are to be held in the assembly hall, the proceeds of which are to go to the Soldiers' Home fund. The first entertainment will be held on Thursday night of this week, and a rich programme is being formulated.